

**AGNIPATH** SCHEME

**INDIAN ARMY** 

## ACHUEFA

PHASE I Online
Computer Based
Written Exam (CEE)

# **Practice** Sets

Practice Sets Designed as Per Latest Syllabus & Exam Pattern

with OFFICIAL ONLINE PRACTICE (SOLVED)

# AGNIVEER Computer Based Written Exam (CEE)



AGNIPATH SCHEME

# INDIAN ARMY AGNIVEE Constitution Computer Based Written Exam (CEE)



Compiled & Edited by Arihant Expert Team



Arihant Publications (India) Ltd.



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## **SYLLABUS**

#### General Knowledge

The test will include questions relating to India and its neighboring countries especially pertaining to History, Culture, Geography and who's who. In addition Abbreviations, Sports, Awards and Prizes, Terminology, Indian Armed Forces, Continents and Sub Continents, Inventions and Discoveries, The Constitution of India, International Organizations, Books and Authors, Knowledge of Important events that have happened in India and at world level in the recent years, Current important world events, Prominent personalities etc.

#### General Science

Ouestion of General Science will include topic related to Physics, Chemistry and Biology. based on fundamentals and day to day activities (i.e, difference between the living and non-living, basis of life-cells, protoplasms and tissues, growth and reproduction in plants and animals, elementary knowledge of human body and its important organs, common epidemics, their causes and prevention etc).

#### Mathematics

- Number Systems Computation of Whole Number, Decimal and Fractions, Relationship between numbers
- (ii) Fundamental Arithmetical Operations HCF, LCM, Decimal fraction, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion, Square roots, Averages, Interest (Simple and Compound), Profit and Loss, Discount, Partnership Business, Time and distance, Time and work.
- (iii) Algebra Basic algebraic problems
- (iv) **Geometry** Familiarity with elementary geometric figures and facts.
- (v) **Mensuration** Triangle, Quadrilaterals, Regular Polygons, Circle etc
- (vi) Trigonometry Trigonometry, trigonometric ratios, complementary angles, height and distances etc

#### **Logical Reasoning**

The questions will be based on the logical ability of the candidates of age group ranging between 16 to 20 years.

# AGNIVEER AGNIVEER



## **Indian Army**

## Agniveer General Duty Official Online Practice Test

<b>1.</b> Who was the tenth and the last Guru of the Sikhs?				<b>10.</b> Where is the headquarters of the International Court of Justice?					
	(a) Guru Hargobind Dev			(a) Rome					
	(c) Guru Arjan Dev	(d) Guru Nanak Dev		(b) Paris	/NT .1 1	1.)			
2.	Who wrote the Arthash	astra?		(d) Washingt	ie (Netherland	1s)			
	(a) Chanakya	(b) Banabhatta	44	. ,		1 . 1			
	(c) Aryabhatta	(d) None of these	11.	The Jallians	_	(b) Amritsa			
3.		Govind' was written by		<ul><li>(a) Phagwara</li><li>(c) Gandhina</li></ul>		(d) Ferozep			
	(a) Kalidas	(b) Banabhatta	12	Ahmedabad	C				
_	(c) Jayadev	(d) Mirabai	12.	river?	i is iocated (	on the bank	S OI WIIICII		
4.	Where is the Headquar			(a) Narmada	river	(b) Banas ri	ver		
	(a) London (c) Geneva	(b) New York (d) New Delhi		(c) Luni river		(d) Sabarma			
_	(-)		13.	Which state amongst the following does not					
ວ.	5. The National Aeronautical Laboratory is situated at			share land boundary with Tamil Nadu					
	(a) Hyderabad	(b) Bengaluru		(a) Telangana	ι	(b) Andhra	Pradesh		
	(c) Kolkata	(d) Delhi		(c) Kerala		(d) Karnata	ka		
<b>6.</b> The national award given to the distinguished			14.	When did V	World War 1	I held?			
	sportsmen/women in I			(a) 1939-43		(b) 1939-45			
	(a) Bharat Award	(b) Nehru Award		(c) 1934-36		(d) 1935-38			
	(c) Urvashi Award	(d) Arjuna Award	15.	When did (	-		U		
7.	Who is presently the Fo	oreign Minister of India?		(a) 1929	(b) 1942	(c) 1940	(d) 1929		
	(a) Smriti Irani	(b) Arun Jaitley	) Arun Jaitley <b>16.</b>	. Who discovered oxygen?					
	(c) Sushma Swaraj	(d) S. Jaishanker		(a) Albert Eir		(b) John En	•		
8.	Who was the first lady	Sultan of India?		(c) Graham I		(d) Joseph I	•		
	(a) Nur Jahan	(b) Kohinoor	17.			d by milk is done by			
	(c) Raziya Sultana	(d) Mumtaz Mahal		(a) Lactobacii (c) Moulds	llus	(b) Yeast (d) None of	C +1		
9.	<b>9.</b> was the founder of Indian National Army.			. ,	1.1.1.	` '			
	(a) Bhagat Singh		18.	Which gas		n abundan	ce in		
	<ul><li>(b) JL Nehru</li><li>(c) Cap. Gen. Mohan Sing</li></ul>	h		atmosphere (a) Carbon m		(b) Oxygen			
	(d) Rash Behari Bose	11		(c) Argon	IOHOXIGE	(d) Nitrogen			

#### Official Online Practice Test

19.	What is Orion? (a) Constellation (c) Galaxy	(b) Meteor (d) Planet	32.	If $x + y = 4$ and $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y}$ of $x^3 + y^3$ .	= 4, then find the value
20.	is essential in so (a) Carbon dioxide (c) Nitrogen	il for plant growth. (b) Oxygen (d) Hydrogen	33.	(a) 52 (c) 4 If 10 men can do a piec	(b) 25 (d) 64 te of work in 4 days, how
21.	Polio is caused by a type (a) bacteria (c) fungus	e of (b) virus (d) None of these			(b) 6
22.	Which type of pollution rain? (a) Soil pollution (c) Water pollution	n is responsible for acid  (b) Air pollution  (d) Noise pollution	34.	(c) 12 The average of 3, 6, 9, (a) 20 (c) 22	(d) 10 6 is (b) 6 (d) 8
23.	How many colours are light? (a) 5 (b) 1	there in a spectrum of (c) 7 (d) 3	35.	average after six inning	verage by 5. What is his s?
24.	Urea fertiliser is (a) nitrogenous (c) phosphoric	(b) potassium based (d) mixed	36.	(a) 65 (c) 50 What is 25% of 200?	(b) 60 (d) 55
25.	What is required for the photosynthesis? (a) Chlorophyll (b) Carbon dioxide and wa (c) Sunlight (d) All of the above		37.	(a) 55.5 (c) 100 Which among the follodigit number that is divided (a) 9944 (c) 9966	visible by 88? (b) 9988
26.	In nuclear reactor, heav (a) moderator (c) coolant	y water is used as (b) atomic smasher (d) fuel	38.	(c) 9966 A man loses 10% by se Find the cost price of t (a) ₹ 500	(d) 6888 Iling his watch for ₹ 450 he watch. (b) ₹ 140
27.	What is the chemical for (a) ZnC (b) NaCl	ormula of salt? (c) NaOH (d) KCl	39.	(c) ₹ 600 The number 20% more	(d) ₹ 400 e than 80 is
28.	is produced by the (a) Electricity (c) Thunder	ne vibration of bodies. (b) Light (d) Sound	40.	(a) 96 (c) 90 34.36 – 45.67 + 86.56 =	(b) 30 (d) 36 = ? + 37.96
29.	Which colour objects al	bsorb the most heat? (b) Black		(a) 37.29 (c) 37.49	(b) 36.29 (d) 32.29
30.	iodine?	(d) None of these due to the deficiency of	41.	Find the number? (a) 21 (c) 24	(b) 22 (d) 23
31.	(a) Goiter (c) Berry-Berry Ravi bought 1 shirt for ₹ 900, find his profit po	ercentage.	42.	The area of a circle is 1?  (a) 7 (c) 6	* *
	(a) 9 (b) 2.5	(c) 8 (d) 12.5		(-) -	(-/ /

- **43.** The diagonal and one side of a rectangular field are 289 m and 161 m respectively. Find the other side.
  - (a) 220 m
- (b) 180 m
- (c) 230 m
- (d) 240 m
- **44.** A can do a piece of work in 8h while B alone can do in 16 h. In how many hours, both A and B working together can finish the work?
  - (a)  $5\frac{1}{2}$  h
- (b)  $5\frac{1}{4}$  h
- (c)  $5\frac{1}{3}$  h
- (d)  $5\frac{2}{3}$  l
- **45.** In equilateral triangle, angles are
  - (a) 60,60,60
  - (b) 60, 80, 60
  - (c) 90,30,60
  - (d) 90, 45, 45

- **46.** Find the missing term in the series: 5760, 960, ?, 48, 16, 8
  - (a) 192
- (b) 240
- (c) 120
- (d) 160
- **47.** If TOM means 48 and DILB means 27, then HARRY stands for
  - (a) 50
- (b) 60
- (c) 67
- (d) 70
- **48.** Hat : Head : : Spectacles : ?
  - (a) Textiles
- (b) Eyes
- (c) Mouth
- (d) Hat
- **49.** In certain code word 'DELHI' is written in 'EFMIJ', then word 'BOMBAY' will be?
  - (a) MJXVSU
- (b) AIJMJX
- (c) AMJWUR
- (d) CPNCBZ
- **50.** 10, 16, 21, 25, ...
  - (a) 28
- (b) 31

- (c) 27
- (d) 29

#### **⊗** Answers

1 (b)	2 (a)	3 (c)	<b>4</b> (b)	5 (b)	6 (d)	<b>7</b> (d)	8 (c)	<b>9</b> (d)	10 (c)
11 (b)	12 (d)	13 (a)	14 (b)	15 (b)	16 (d)	<b>17</b> (a)	18 (d)	<b>19</b> (a)	<b>20</b> (c)
<b>21</b> (b)	<b>22</b> (b)	23 (c)	<b>24</b> (a)	<b>25</b> (d)	<b>26</b> (a)	<b>27</b> (b)	28 (d)	<b>29</b> (b)	<b>30</b> (a)
<b>31</b> (d)	32 (a)	33 (a)	<b>34</b> (b)	35 (d)	<b>36</b> (b)	<b>37</b> (a)	38 (a)	<b>39</b> (a)	<b>40</b> (a)
<b>41</b> (a)	<b>42</b> (a)	<b>43</b> (d)	44 (c)	<b>45</b> (a)	<b>46</b> (a)	<b>47</b> (d)	<b>48</b> (b)	<b>49</b> (d)	<b>50</b> (a)

### Solutions

- 1. (b) Guru Gobind Singh was the tenth Sikh Guru, a spiritual master, warrior, poet and philosopher. When his father, Guru Tegh Bahadur, was executed by the Mughal ruler Aurangzeb, Guru Gobind Singh was formally installed as the leader of the Sikhs at the age of nine, becoming the tenth and final human Sikh Guru. He founded the Sikh warrior community called Khalsa in 1699 and introduced the Five Ks, the five articles of faith that Khalsa Sikhs wear at all times. Guru Gobind Singh is credited with the Dasam Granth whose hymns are a sacred part of Sikh prayers and Khalsa rituals. He is also credited as the one who finalised and enshrined the Guru Granth Sahib as Sikhism's primary scripture and eternal Guru.
- 2. (a) Chanakya (375-283 BCE) was an ancient Indian polymath who was active as a teacher, author, strategist, philosopher, economist, jurist and royal advisor. He is traditionally identified as Kautilya or Vishnugupta, who authored the ancient Indian political treatise, the Arthashastra, a text dated to roughly between the fourth century BCE and the third century CE. He lived in the court of first Mauryan king Chandragupta Maurya.
- 3. (c) 'The Gita Govinda' is a work composed by the 12th-century Hindu poet, Jayadeva. It describes the relationship between Krishna, Radha and gopis of Vrindavan. The Gita Govinda is organised into twelve chapters. Each chapter is further sub-divided into one or more divisions called Prabandhas, totalling twenty-four in all.
- 4. (b) The United Nations (UN) is an intergovernmental organisation whose stated purposes are to maintain international peace and security, develop friendly relations among nations, achieve international cooperation, and be a centre for harmonising the actions of nations. It is the world's largest and most familiar international organisation. The United Nations is headquartered in Midtown Manhattan, New York City, United States.
- 5. (b) National Aeronautical Research Laboratory was setup in Delhi in 1959. In March 1960, it set up an office in the palace of Maharaja of Mysore, Bengaluru. It is India's first and largest aerospace research firm established by the CSIR. It concentrates on research in advanced topics in aerospace and related disciplines.
- 6. (d) 'Arjuna Awards' are given to distinguished sportspersons for Outstanding Performance in Sports and Games. It is the second-highest sporting honour of India, the highest being the Major Dhyan Chand

- Khel Ratna Award. The award is named after Arjuna, one of the characters of the Sanskrit epic 'Mahabharata' of ancient India. It is presented by Sports Authority of India.
- 7. (d) Subrahmanyam Jaishankar is an Indian diplomat and politician who is serving as the present Minister of External Affairs of the Government of India since 30th May, 2019. He is a member of the Bharatiya Janata Party and a Member of Parliament in the Rajya Sabha.
- 8. (c) Razia Sultana, was the first lady ruler of the Delhi Sultanate. She was the first female Muslim ruler of the subcontinent, and the only female Muslim ruler of Delhi. She belonged to the Slave dynasty and was the daughter of Iltutmish.
- 9. (d) The Indian National Army was first formed in 1942 under Rash Behari Bose by Indian Prisoners of War (PoW) of the British-Indian Army captured by Japan in the Malayan campaign and at Singapore.

  This first INA, which had been handed over to Rash Behari Bose, collapsed and was disbanded in December that year after differences between the INA leadership and the Japanese military over its role in Japan's war in Asia. Rash Behari Bose handed over INA to Subhash Chandra Bose.
- 10. (c) The International Court of Justice is one of the six principal organs of the United Nations. It settles disputes between states in accordance with international law and gives advisory opinions on international legal issues.
  - It is headquartered in The Hague (Netherlands).
- 11. (b) The Jallianwala Bagh massacre took place on 13th April, 1919 on the day of Baisakhi. A large peaceful crowd had gathered at the Jallianwala Bagh in Amritsar, Punjab, to protest against the Rowlatt Act and arrest of pro-independence activists Saifuddin Kitchlew and Satyapal.
  - The crowd gathered was attacked on the order of General Dyer that led to a huge mass killing.
- 12. (d) Ahmedabad is located in Gujarat on the banks of Sabarmati river. It is also known as the Manchester of India and is the largest city in the state of Gujarat. Ahmedabad is famous for its textile industry, and is known as the textile hub of India.
- 13. (a) Telangana does not share the border with the state of Tamil Nadu. Tamil Nadu is a state in southern India and is tenth largest Indian state by area and the sixth largest by population, Tamil Nadu is the home of the Tamil people, whose Tamil language is one of the longest surviving classical languages in the world.